## IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF TENNESSEE WESTERN DIVISION

HARTFORD CASUALTY INSURANCE CO., an Indiana corporation,

Plaintiff,

\_ \_\_\_\_\_

v.

No. 2:07-cv-2405-BBD-cgc

CALCOT, LTD., a California corporation; and GLOBAL COTTON RECOVERY, LLC, a Tennessee limited liability company,

Defendants.

## ORDER DENYING MOTION TO STRIKE DEFENDANTS' SUPPLEMENTAL RESPONSE

Before the Court is Plaintiff's Motion to Strike Defendants' Supplemental Response (D.E. #157) to Plaintiff's Motion to Set its Previously Filed Post-Judgment Motion Before the Court (D.E. #149). Plaintiff contends that (1) Defendants had already filed a Response brief on October 20, 2009; (2) the Local Rules do not allow for a Supplemental Response without leave of court; (3) Defendants failed to confer prior to filing their Supplemental Response; and (4) the Supplemental Response is untimely under Local Rule 7.2(a)(2). The underlying motion was referred to United States Magistrate Judge Charmiane G. Claxton for determination.

Rule 5(b)(2)(E) and Rule 6(d) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and Local Rule 6.1 and 7.2(a)(2) require that a response to a motion be filed within fifteen days of the response plus an additional three days because the motion was electronically served. Thus, the Court finds that the Supplemental Response was timely filed.

Local Rule 7.2(a)(1)(B) sets forth the requirements for consultation among counsel, but only

requires the filing of a Certificate of Consultation with the filing of a motion. Thus, the Local Rules

do not require a separate consultation upon the filing of a response to the motion, and the Court does

not find that the Supplemental Response should be stricken for failure to consult.

Finally, Local Rule 7.2 does not discuss the filing of a Supplemental Response, and Plaintiff

correctly note that it is the preferred practice to file one response without further amendment or

supplement. However, as the Supplemental Response was timely filed and is not otherwise in

violation of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure or Local Rules, the Court finds that Plaintiff's

Motion to Strike should be DENIED.

**IT IS SO ORDERED** this 29th day of October, 2009.

s/ Charmiane G. Claxton CHARMIANE G. CLAXTON

UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

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